

Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name ZIC H-Trans 30 **Product code** Not allocated

HSNO approval Not applicable - non hazardous

Approval description

UN number Not regulated for transport.

Proper Shipping Name NA **DG** class NA **Packaging group** NA Hazchem code NA

Uses Lubricant for Caterpillar TO-4

Company Details

Company **New World Motors Ltd**

Address PO Box 132316,

Sylvia Park Auckland 1644

2. **Hazard Identification**

This product is not considered hazardous under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO).

Classes Hazard Statements

none **SYMBOLS** none

Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

Precautionary Statements

none

Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Concentration
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	88.0-93.0%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	1.0-5.0%
Additive mixtures	proprietary	5.0-7.0%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

First Aid

General Information

You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid Ready access to running water is recommended.

facilities

Exposure

Swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor if concerned. **Eve contact** If product gets in eyes, wash material from them with running water for several minutes.

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact Flush immediately with large amounts of water. Remove all contaminated clothing.

Contact a doctor if experiencing symptoms

Inhaled Generally, inhalation of fumes is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing,

> dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for

transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically

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5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is not classed as

flammable.

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam, fog sprays, water jets.

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment:

No special measures are required.

Hazchem code:

NΔ

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment There is no current legal requirement for containment of this product.

Emergency procedures Generally the containers size will limit a large spill from occurring. If a significant spill

occurs: Stop leak if safe or necessary. Isolate area. Collect spill, see below. Transfer to

container for disposal. Dispose of according to guidelines below (Section 13).

Clean-up method This product is not considered flammable or ecotoxic. Small spills do not require any

special clean up method. Larger spills (e.g., greater than 10kg) should be mopped up

and collected.

Disposal Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

PrecautionsNo special protective clothing is normally necessary.

7. Storage & Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Containers should be kept closed in

order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid

contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.

Handling Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 10mg/m³ for dusts and mists when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA* WES-STEL*
Exposure Stds Oil mist, mineral 5mg/m³ 10mg/m³
(2013)

* These workplace exposure standards are also Prescribed Exposure Standards (PES) under the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016.

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it

always prudent to use protective eyewear if splashes are likely or if handling material in

hulk

Skin If discomfort is felt (e.g., if pre-existing conditions exist, such as dermatitis, cuts or

sensitive skin), gloves may be helpful. If you suffer from dermatitis type skin conditions, use gloves. Nitrile or NBR gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should

be checked for tears or holes before use.

Respiratory A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Use an organic

vapour cartridge with a dust/mist filter'. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are

correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order.

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WES Additional Information

Not applicable

Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Clear brown liquid Odour mild petroleum odour

pН no data

Vapour pressure <0.1 kPa (20°C) **Viscosity** 11.2cSt at 100°C

Boiling point >260°C Vapour density >5 (air =1) Freezing / melting point no data

Solubility not soluble in water Specific gravity / density 0.88 (water = 1) @ 15°C

Flash point >230°C Danger of explosion no data **Auto-ignition temperature** no data Upper & lower flammable limits no data Corrosiveness non corrosive

Stability & Reactivity 10.

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups **Substance Specific**

Strong oxidisers None known

Incompatibility

Oxides of carbon

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous reactions

none known

11. **Toxicological Information**

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: large amounts may cause vomiting and diarrhea.

IF IN EYES: may cause slight eye irritation. IF ON SKIN: may cause slight skin irritation.

IF INHALED: Substance has a very low vapour pressure.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: no known effects.

Supporting Data

Oral Acute Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (oral, rat) for the mixture is >5,000

mg/kg. Data considered includes: Data considered includes: Distillates (petroleum),

solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic >5000mg/kg bw (rat) Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated heavy paraffinic >5000mg/kg bw (rat).

Dermal Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LD₅₀ (dermal, rat) for the mixture is >5000

> mg/kg. Data considered includes: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic >2000mg/kg (rabbit) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

>2000mg/kg (rabbit).

Inhaled Using LC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated LC₅₀ (inhalation, rat) for the mixture is

> >5mg/L. Data considered includes: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic >5.53mg/L (rat) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

>5.53mg/L (rat).

Eye The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant. Skin The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.

Sensitisation Chronic No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen. Highly

refined base oils are non-carcinogenic.

Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions



12. Ecological Data

Summary

Highly refined base oil have a very low toxicity towards aquatic organisms. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Supporting Data

Aquatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is > 100 mg/L Data

considered includes: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic >100mg/L

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic >100mg/L.

Bioaccumulation May be bioaccumulative,

Degradability Not considered degradable, but will biodegrade. Log Kw 3.9-6.

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate Not considered ecotoxic towards terrestrial vertebrates (see acute toxicity)

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

Environmental effect levelsNo EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Dispose of residue and solutions that cannot be reused to sewer. If this is not possible

dilute with water (at least 5 times as much water) and drain.

Contaminated packaging Rinse containers with water before disposal. Preferably re-cycle container, otherwise

send to landfill or similar.

14. Transport Information

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:NAHazchem code:NA

15. Regulatory Information

This substance is not considered to be hazardous under HSNO.

Specific Workplace Controls (as per HSNO approval referenced to Controls Matrix)

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS Not required.

Labelling No removal of labels and/or decanting of product into other containers can occur.

Emergency plan Not required. Approved handler Not required. Tracking Not required. Bunding & secondary containment Not required. Signage Not required. Location test certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



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Other Information 16.

Abbreviations

FΡΑ

Approval Code not applicable - non hazardous.

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ceiling Ceiling Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.

Controls Matrix List of default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, I16). EC50

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species) **Environmental Protection Agency**

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 LD_{50} Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

LC₅₀ Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

PES Prescribed Exposure Standard means a WES or a biological exposure standard that is

prescribed in a regulation, a safe work instrument or an approval under HSNO (including

group standards).

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit **UN Number United Nations Number**

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

> agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information Data

database (CCID).

EPA Transfer Gazettes

Classifications and controls assigned for specific ingredients (consolidated gazette, 2004) **WES 2013** The NZ Workplace Exposure Standards Effective from 2013, published by WorkSafe NZ

and available on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

WES 2002 Workplace Exposure Standards published by the Occupational Safety and Health

Service, Department of Labour, January 2002, ISBN 0-477-03660-0. These are the WES

referred to under the Group Standard (HSNO approval) and may constitute a PES.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

Date Reason for review October 2016 Not applicable - new SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

